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Localization of NorGooperative Target with Distributed Binary Observations

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Abstract

This dissertation focus is on localization of a non-cooperative arget with distrusted binary measurements a non-cooperative arget localization unlike the cooperative one, we do not receive any assistance from the target on revealing its position. This type of localization has a lot of applications for example to identify the primary user in cognitive adio, spectrum cartographydentifying the location of an unauthorized series a mobile network and identifying the location jammer in the battle field. However, the non-cooperative assumptions make many localization techniques including the ones requiring timereferences ynchronization impractical. Therefore, instead we rely on binary measurements f signal power from a large number of sensors cattered in the field which better lends itself to energy and complexity equirements f a Wireless Sensor Network realization. In other words, the ocation of the non-cooperative target vould becarried out through processing of the data and locations of all sensors.

In this

of uncertainty.

One is the uncertainty involved in each sensor decision which can be the result of noise, fading or other random proces affects on the received ignal and shows itself in terms of false alarmor missed betection. The other one is the intrinsic error resulting rom estimating a source transmitter location through scattered in ary measurements which a